A new record of flower flies (Diptera: Syrphidae) for the fauna of Iran

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ABSTRACT. During the study of flower flies (Diptera: Syrphidae) associated with colza (Brassica napus) fields in Sari (Mazandaran Province, Iran) in 2015–2016, a total of six species i.e. Episyrphus balteatus (De Geer), Eupeodes corollae (Fabricius), Melanostoma mellinum (Linnaeus), Paragus bicolor (Fabricius), Syrphus ribesii (Linnaeus) and Platycheirus jaerensis Nielsen are recorded for this region. Among them, P. jaerensis Nielsen is newly recorded for the Iranian fauna.

Key words: Syrphidae, Colza, Platycheirus, new record, Iran

Introduction

Colza or canola (Brassica napus L.) is one of the important crops of the family Brassicaceae that is economically important as a resource of oils. Several insects and mites are associated with this plant (Khanjani, 2005). Therefore, we studied the fauna of insects associated with colza in Sari, and collected different groups of insects.

The Syrphidae, commonly named hoverflies or flower flies, is one of the largest families of the order Diptera, with more than 6000 described species in the world (Kuznetsov, 2002). Many species are important pollinators of flowering plants (e.g. Asteraceae, Brassicaceae, Rosaceae) (Kan, 1988). Compared with the adults, the larvae are important predators of aphids, scale bugs and other insects, making them as important natural enemies of the pest species, as a single larva may consume up to 400 aphids (Bennewicz, 2011). The hoverflies are also recorded as efficient predators in cereal crops too (Lapchin et al., 1987).

The Iranian Syrphidae was reviewed by Dousti & Hayat (2006), and an annotated checklist of the subfamily Syrphinae of Iran was also published by Kazerani et al. (2013). On the other hand, there are few works on this group of insects on colza fields (Gharali & Lotfalizadeh, 2002; Malkeshi et al., 2004; Khajehzadeh, 2004; Jalilian et al., 2014). The fauna of Syrphidae in Mazandaran province was studied by Gilasian & Vujic (2004) and Kazerani et al. (2013). The genus Platycheirus is one of the largest genera in the family
Syrphidae in the Palaearctic region (Barkalov, 2013) and belongs to tribe Bacchini, Subfamily Syrphinae. Seven species of this genus were recorded from Iran (Shojaei Hesari et al. 2016).

In the present work we collected some other species from Sari, among them, *Platycheirus jaerensis* Nielsen is newly recorded for the fauna of Iran.

**Material and methods**

Adult flower flies were collected with sweep-netting on colza fields in Sari (36°39'35"N, 53°4'30"E, 132m), Mazandaran province (north of Iran), during October 2015 to May 2016. The collected material was preserved in 70% ethanol alcohol and then determined by different credit identification keys especially, Stubbs & Falk (2002). Finally, the specimens were identified and confirmed by Dr. Samad Khaghaninia (Tabriz University). One male (mounted on slide) of newly recorded species is deposited in the Collection of Department of Plant Protection, College of Agriculture, Ilam University, Iran (ILAMU) and other specimens are deposited in the Department of Plant Protection of Sari University of Agricultural Sciences and Natural Resources.

**Results**

In this study, we collected a few species of aphids, whereas the following flower flies (family Syrphidae) had high numbers especially on flower stage of colza.

*Episyphus balteatus* (De Geer)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 4♀2♂, 10.V.2015, leg.: N. Zamani.

*Eupodes corollae* (Fabricius)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 4♀, 10.V.2015, leg.: N. Zamani.

*Melanostoma mellinum* (Linnaeus)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 4♀, 17.VI.2016, leg.: N. Zamani.

*Paragus bicolor* (Fabricius)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 4♀1♂, 13.VI.2015, leg.: N. Zamani.

*Platycheirus jaerensis* Nielsen (New record) (Fig. 1-2)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 5♀, 23.V.2016, leg.: N. Zamani.

**Short description:** Body length 6mm. Face protrudes forwards and downwards, with greyish-yellow pollinosity, hairs on face yellow; frons broad and shiny bronze-black with broad ill-defined pollinose spots, occupying more than 3/4 of frons; hairs on frons black. Antennal segments brownish-black, First and second antennal segments orange, third segment darker dorsally; thorax black with hairs yellow; mesonotum and scutellum with hairs yellow; pleura shiny black. Halter yellow. Front and middle legs brownish yellow, hind legs darker, yellowish on 1/3 basal of femur. Abdomen shiny black, tergite II with a pair of quadrate to semi-circular spots, close to the anterior margin of the tergite; tergites 3–4 with a pair of squarish spots reaching the anterior margins of the tergites.

**Distribution:** Norway, Finland, Sweden (van Steenis & Goeldlin de Tiefenau, 1998), Iran (New record).

*Syrphus ribesii* (Linnaeus)  
**Material examined:** Mazandaran province, Sari, 8♀, 23.V.2015, leg.: N. Zamani.

**Acknowledgments**

We are grateful to Dr. Samad Khaghaninia for the identification of specimens. This paper is extracted from part of the MSc thesis of the senior author, who was financially supported by research vice-chancellor of Sari University of Agricultural Sciences and Natural Resources, Sari, Iran.

**Conflict of Interests**

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interest regarding the publication of this paper.
Figure 1-2. *Platycheirus jaerensis*: (1) Adult female, dorsal view; (2) Male genitalia, dorsal view.

References


گزارش جدیدی از مگس‌های گل (Diptera: Syrphidae) برای فون ایران

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تاریخ دریافت: 31 ارديبهشت 1394، تاریخ پذیرش: 18 اردیبهشت 1394، تاریخ انتشار: 6 شهریور 1397

چکیده: در طی مطالعه‌ی مگس‌های سیرفیده (Diptera: Syrphidae) مرتبط با مزارع کلزا (Brassica napus) شهرستان ساری (استان مازندران، ایران) در سال‌های 1394-1395، تعداد شش گونه شامل Episyrphus balteatus (De Geer)، Eupeodes corollae (Fabricius)، Melanostoma mellinum (Linnaeus)، Syrphus ribesii (Linnaeus)، Paragus bicolor (Fabricius) و Platycheirus jaerensis Nielsen از این منطقه گزارش می‌شوند که در بین آنها گونه P. jaerensis Nielsen برای فون ایران جدید می‌باشد.

واژگان کلیدی: Syrphidae، Platycheirus، کلزا، گزارش جدید، ایران.